

## The biggest threat to the world civilization

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### ABSTRACT

According to the report, machinery and software in the future, equipped by scientists in "human intelligence" can create dangerous challenges for humanity. But, as the authors note, may also contribute to the solution of many problems facing man. Today's world is very much like that of a century ago, with the focus of inflammation that are not - like 100 years ago - the Balkans, but the Middle East and even, apparently, history does not repeat itself, many historians warned that this time may be different - the threat of another world war is very real.

**Keywords:** biggest threat; world civilization

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Artificial intelligence and nanotechnology are classified as the greatest threats to civilization, alongside such phenomena as nuclear war, environmental disaster, or volcanic eruption. Such are the conclusions of a report prepared by the Foundation Global Challenges Foundation. According to the report, machinery and software in the future, equipped by scientists in "human intelligence" can create dangerous challenges for humanity. But, as the authors note, may also contribute to the solution of many problems facing man.

### 2. A WORLD WITHOUT ... PEOPLE

The Foundation is concerned that people will find it difficult to control machines with artificial intelligence. Even through the international regulatory level. As a consequence, in the future world ... maybe even function without people, because robots are much more resistant than a man. The report also warns of the economic crisis. This may lead to the systematic replacement of human robots in many different industries. This means that the worldwide increase unemployment.



**3. NUCLEAR WEAPON AVAILABLE IN STOCK?**



With regard to the report of nanotechnology, in turn, pay attention to that, "atomically precise manufacturing" can have many benefits for mankind. Particularly in addressing the problems of depletion of natural resources, pollution and climate change.

Linked to this, however, also many risks. Like a great facility generated by the random individuals or organizations dangerous weapons, including nuclear. The report lists 12 selected issues, which in the future by developing technologies may contribute to the risk of human functioning.

Today's world is very much like that of a century ago, with the focus of inflammation that are not - like 100 years ago - the Balkans, but the Middle East and even, apparently, history does not repeat itself, many historians warned that this time may be different - the threat of another world war is very real. This is the opinion among prof. Margaret Mac Millan, an eminent authority on the history of international relations, b. The rector of Trinity College, Oxford, winner of many prestigious awards, prides itself on a rich scientific output.

The Middle East, is the modern equivalent of a hundred years ago turbulent Balkans - that's where we have to deal with the roaring toxic mix of nationalism. This situation threatens to attracting world powers such as the US, Russia, and regional powers: Turkey and Iran, in order to protect their own interests.

Other analogies, which draws attention to prof. Mac Millan, occurring between modern times and the preceding World War I, the activity of Islamic terrorists who are a mirror image of the communist revolutionaries, contemporary anarchists who in the name of the ideas have made over the killings, in the belief that sanctioned murder will come true idea of their vision of a better world.

Another parallel - in 1914 increased the power of Germany, which sought to undermine the position of the British empire, and not only undermine, but it addressed. Today - says prof. Mac Millan China took place in Germany, which are seen as a threat to the US position. A prominent tried to undermine the power of the time, in the UK. Today, China's growing power is seen as a threat by some in the US. It also draws attention to the revival of nationalism - the right-wing and nationalist sentiments are growing in strength, and around the world, almost from day to day - as we know - 100 years ago has a similar - it was one of the main factors that led to the war.

In China and Japan, "patriotic passion" sparked a dispute over islands in the China Sea, which is the Japanese Islands Senkakus and the Chinese - Diaoyus. China to increase military spending, build a well-equipped warships and is the number that is hard to believe that they have used, if only to defend their coast. That, in the opinion of many strategists, which contacted the author, means that China wants *roztoczyć*. control over the Pacific Ocean, after the elimination of the US from there.

"The arms race between the United States and China, in this region, is evident. The Pentagon has drawn up a very credible report on this subject, which is in the possession of 'The Wall Street Journal'. Not only that, the newspaper also has information on US war plans against China. "- Says MacMillan was a time when the United States signed a treaty with Japan, Japan's defense guarantees in the event of aggression on the part of any state. In 2012, a treaty was extended, and it includes the disputed islands.

In November last year, China established over the islands' air defense zone, "and a few days later flew over the islands two American B-52 bombers. "Comparison of today's relationship between China and the US, to the relations between Germany and England 100 years ago, politicians should work sobering." - Says MacMillan.

#### **4. CONCLUSIONS**

Today's world is very much like that of a century ago, with the focus of inflammation that are not - like 100 years ago - the Balkans, but the Middle East and even, apparently, history does not repeat itself, many historians warned that this time may be different - the threat of another world war is very real. This is the opinion among prof. Margaret Mac Millan, an eminent authority on the history of international relations, b. The rector of Trinity College, Oxford, winner of many prestigious awards, prides itself on a rich scientific output.

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